Network Monitoring, Management and Automation

Git Overview

npNOG 5

Dec 8 - 12, 2019



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What is Git?

- an open source distributed version control system
- for tracking changes in source code during software development



- is designed for coordinating work among programmers
- but it can be used to track changes in any set of files
- developped by Linus Torvalds to support the development of the linux kernel
- its goals include speed, data integrity, and support for distributed, non-linear workflows
- a few other popular version control systems include:
 - \circ RCS
 - \circ CVS
 - Subversion
 - Mercurial
 - Bitkeeper (proprietary, led Linus to create Git)

What is Version Control?

Three basic principles:

- Keep a record and history of changes
- Give public access to the information
- Maintain different versions from the same data set

What types of data?

- Source code
- Documentation
- Configuration files
- Generally, any type of data...

What is GitHub?

- www.github.com
- largest web-based git repository hosting service
 - hosts remote repositories
- allows for collaboraton with anyone online
- adds extra functionality on top of git
 - UI
 - documentation
 - bug tracking
 - feature requests
 - pull requests
 - \circ and more
- alternatives
 - GitLab
 - Bitbucket
 - Gitea
 - Gogs
 - more



Your first time with git and github

- Get a github account.
- Download and install git.
- Set up git with your user name and email.

\$ git config --global user.name "Your name here"
\$ git config --global user.email "your_email@example.com"

- Set up ssh on your computer
- Paste your ssh public key into your github account settings.
 - Go to your github Account Settings
 - Click "SSH Keys" on the left.
 - Click "Add SSH Key" on the right.
 - Add a label (like "My laptop") and paste the public key into the big text box.
 - In a terminal/shell, type the following to test it:

\$ ssh -T git@github.com

• If it says something like the following, it worked:

Hi username! You've successfully authenticated, but Github does not provide shell access.

Routine use of git and github

• create repository

\$ git init .

clone git remote repository to local working project directory

\$ git clone git@github.com:username/repo

add all file in project directory into git

\$ git add .

add specific file named 'Readme.md' into repository

\$ git add Readme.md

commit changes into repository

\$ git commit -am "Added Readme.md file"

• get git status

git status

push changes to remote repository

\$ git push origin master

Connect it to github

- Create a local git repository
- Go to github
- Log in to your account
- Click the new repository button in the top-right. You'll have an option there to initialize the repository with a README file, but don't.
- Click the "Create repository" button.

Now, follow the second set of instructions, "Push an existing repository..."

\$ git remote add origin git@github.com:username/new_repo \$ git push -u origin master

